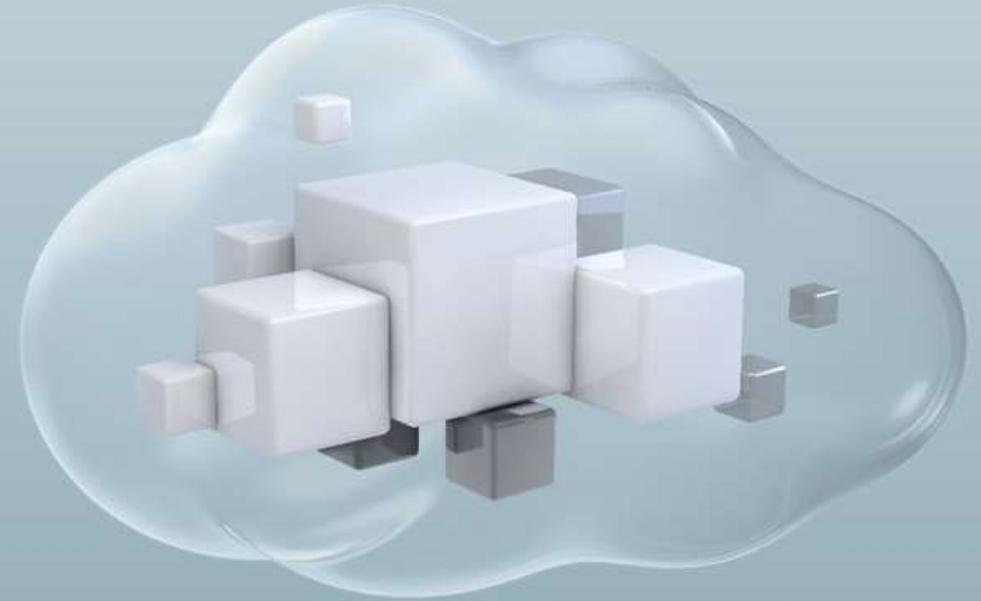


ORACLE®

Oracle Solaris OpenStack

Frankfurt Solaris User Group
Introduction, Experiences, Live Demonstration

Detlef Drewanz
Master Principal Sales Consultant
Northern Europe Systems Architects



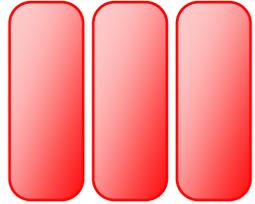
Safe Harbor Statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.

Agenda

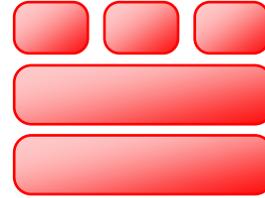
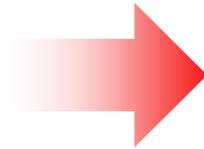
- 1 The Road to private Cloud
- 2 The OpenStack Project
- 3 The OpenStack Architecture
- 4 OpenStack and Oracle
- 5 Cloud Use Cases
- 6 Building the Cloud

Journey to Private Cloud



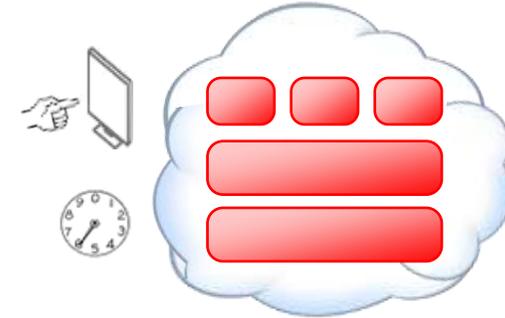
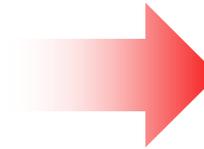
Traditional Silos

- Physical
- Dedicated
- Heterogeneous



Consolidated

- Virtual
- Shared
- Standardized



Private Cloud

- **Security**
- **Self-service**
- **Auto-scaling**
- **Metering and chargeback**

Start with consolidation • Extend to private cloud • Use public cloud where appropriate

Design Considerations – The planned Use Cases

- Targeting new software development only ?
- Moving existing services also ?
- Organization-wide, or just for certain parts ?
- Offer self-service ?

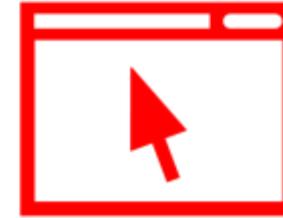


The OpenStack Project

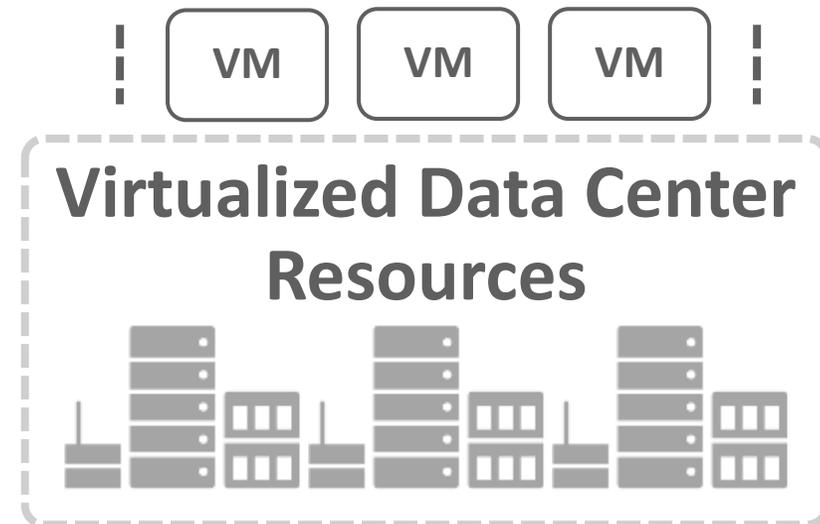
OpenStack Overview

What is OpenStack?

- Open source cloud software
 - Generic solution for IaaS, PaaS and SaaS
 - Modular architecture
 - Web portal for cloud admins and self-service users
 - Cloud services exposed through APIs
 - CLI, Python libraries, ...
- Combines compute, network and storage resources
 - Self-service dashboard
 - Services exposed through REST APIs



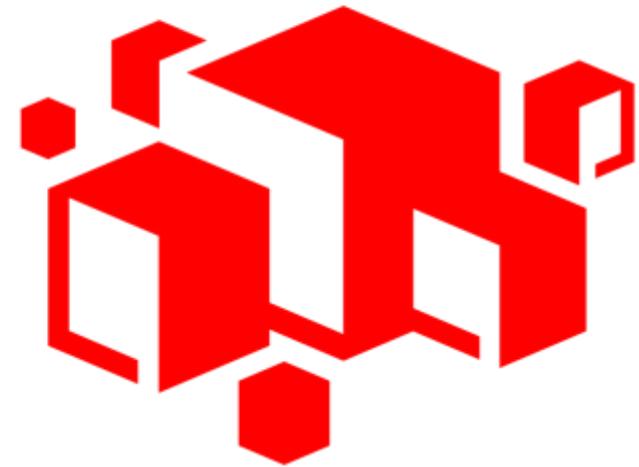
Single Management Pane



Drivers for OpenStack Cloud Infrastructure

What's exciting customers about OpenStack?

- Broad Industry Adoption and Participation in the Community
 - Over **400** companies involved!
- Rich technology Ecosystem
 - Provides choice / freedom to leverage underlying Compute, Storage, Networking Infrastructure
- “Standardized” Cloud API layer
 - Abstracts higher level Cloud Software & Services from *Undercloud* infrastructure specifics



OpenStack Releases

<https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/Releases>

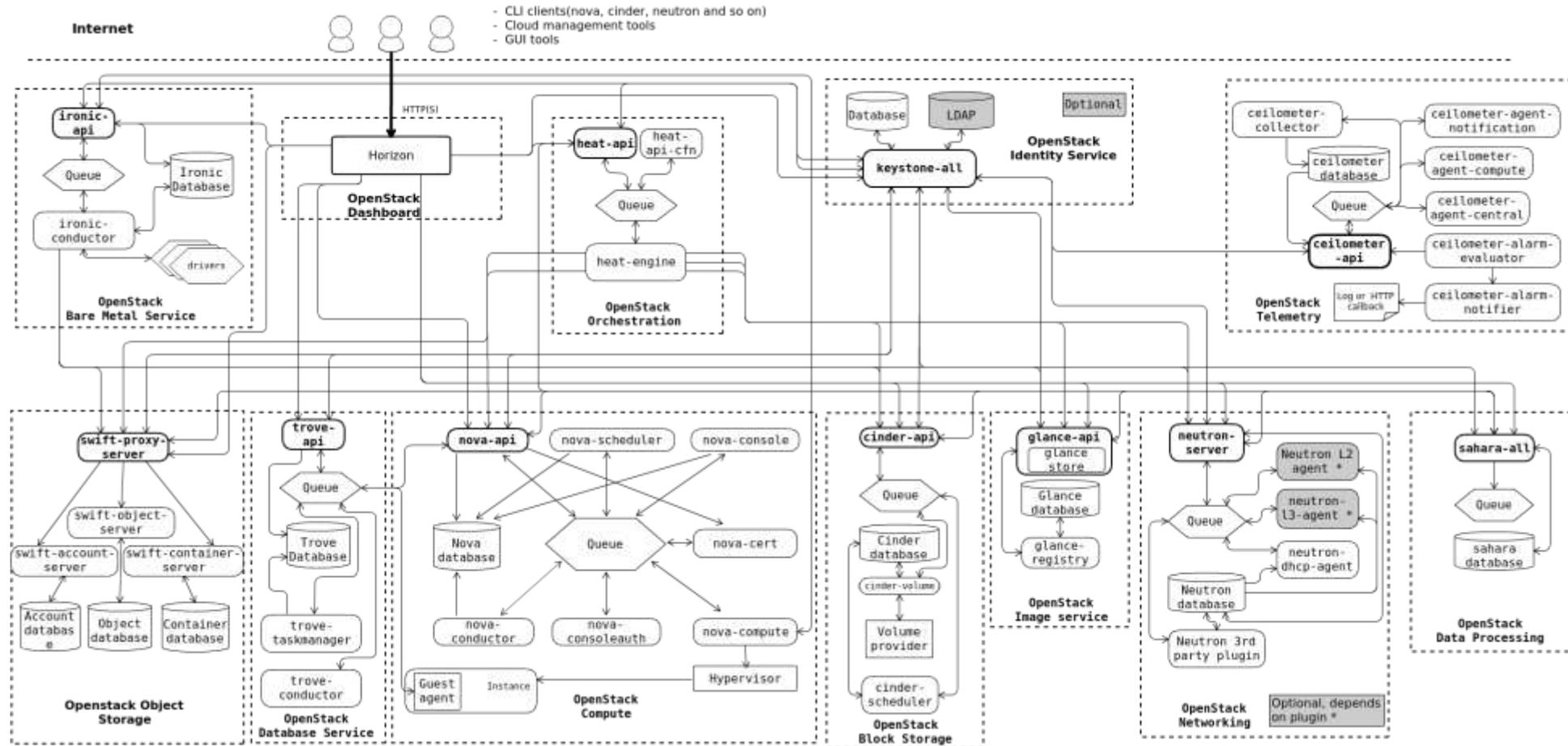
Release Name	Status	Latest Release Info
Austin, Bexar, Cactus, Diablo	Deprecated	2010.1, 2011.1, 2011.2, 2011.3
Essex, Folsom, Grizzly	EOL	2012.1, 2012.2, 2013.1
Havana	EOL	2013.2
Icehouse	EOL	2014.1
Juno	Security-supported	2014.2
Kilo	Security-supported	2015.1
Liberty	Current stable release, security supported	(10/15/2015)
Mitaka	Under development	

What OpenStack is not...

- Out-of-the-Box Ready to Use
 - Lots of work to configure underlying infrastructure
 - Overall Integration
 - Lots of moving parts
 - Dependent on expertise, experience, vendors, maturing technology
- Mature
 - Release cycle; short support lifespan
 - Update capability is limited, maybe “rip and replace”
 - However ... it is improving
- Free
 - OpenSource does not mean free
 - Large investment to set up and support environment

The OpenStack Architecture

OpenStack Logical Layout

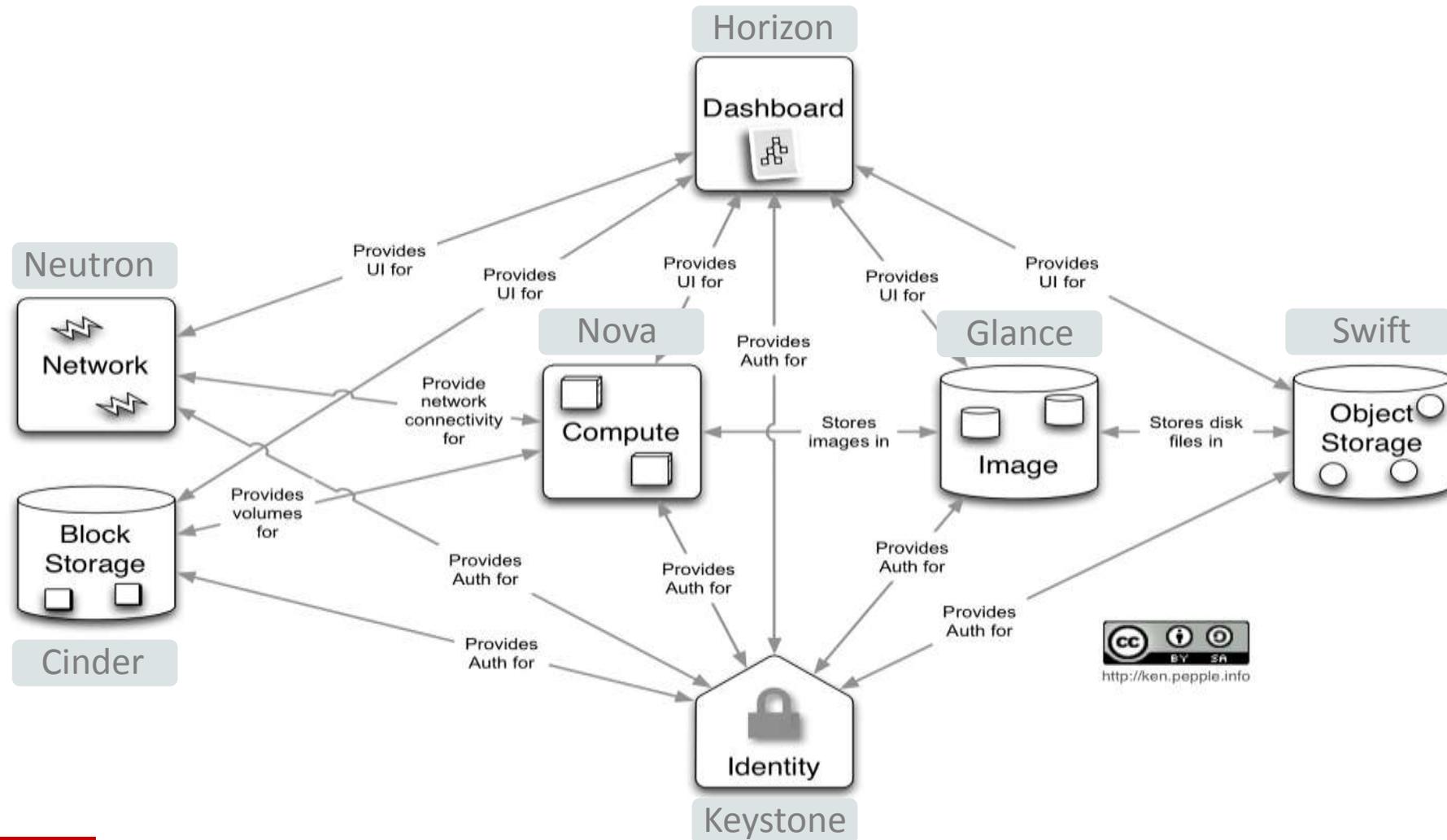


OpenStack Services

Overview of Core Components

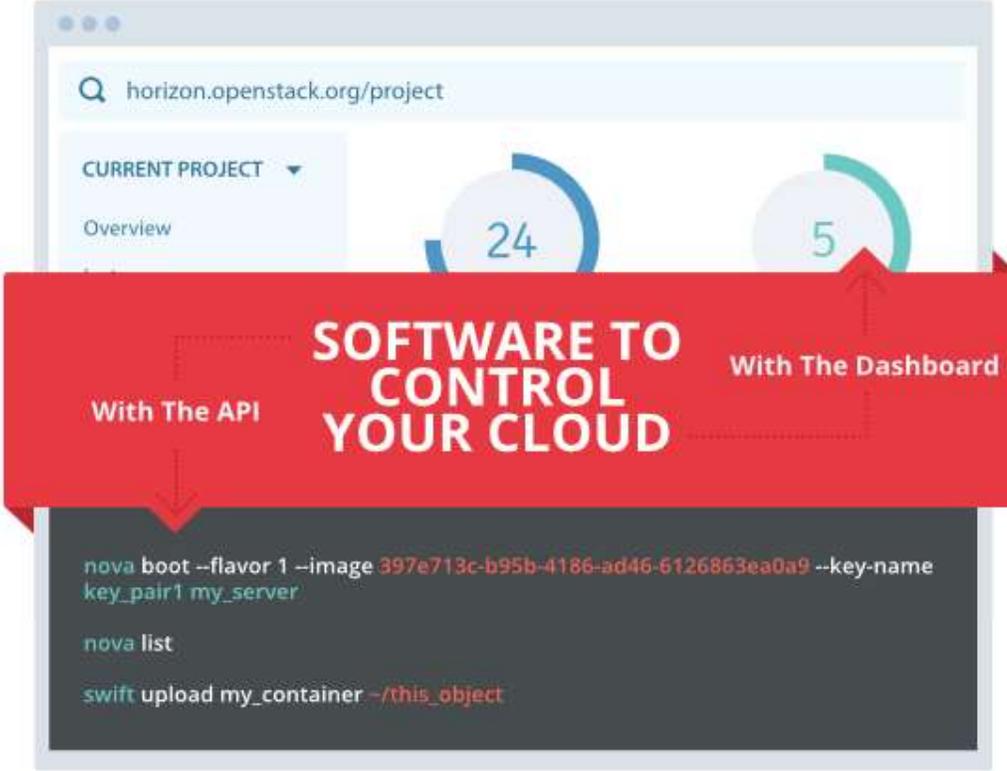
Component	Description	Component	Description
Nova	Compute virtualization	Glance	Image management and deployment
Cinder	Block storage	Swift	Object storage
Neutron	Software defined networking	Heat	Application and VM orchestration
Keystone	Authentication between cloud services and simple Authorization	Murano	Application catalog
Horizon	Web based dashboard	Trove	Database as a Service

OpenStack Logical Architecture with Service Names



OpenStack - Modular Architecture

- Web portal / dashboard for cloud admins and self-service users
- Cloud services exposed through APIs
- CLI, Python libraries, ...
- Interoperating services with REST APIs



The image shows a screenshot of the OpenStack Horizon dashboard. The browser address bar displays 'horizon.openstack.org/project'. Below the address bar, there is a 'CURRENT PROJECT' dropdown menu and an 'Overview' link. Two circular progress indicators are visible, showing '24' and '5'. A large red banner is overlaid on the dashboard, containing the text 'SOFTWARE TO CONTROL YOUR CLOUD' in white. To the left of the banner, it says 'With The API' with a downward arrow, and to the right, it says 'With The Dashboard' with an upward arrow. Below the banner, a dark grey box contains terminal-style text: 'nova boot --flavor 1 --image 397e713c-b95b-4186-ad46-6126863ea0a9 --key-name key_pair1 my_server', 'nova list', and 'swift upload my_container --/this_object'. At the bottom of the dashboard screenshot, there is a button that says 'Watch a Demo of the Dashboard' with a play icon.

www.openstack.org

OpenStack CLI

Procedure 1.1. To create and attach a volume

1. You create a volume.

For example, you might create a 30 GB volume called `vol1`, as follows:

```
$ cinder create --display-name vol1 30
```

<

The command returns the `521752a6-acf6-4b2d-bc7a-119f9148cd8c` volume ID.

2. You attach that volume to a virtual machine (VM) with the `616fb98f-46ca-475e-917e-2563e5a8cd19` ID, as follows:

For example:

```
$ nova volume-attach 616fb98f-46ca-475e-917e-2563e5a8cd19 521752a6-acf6-4b2d-bc7a-119f9148cd8c /dev/vdb
```

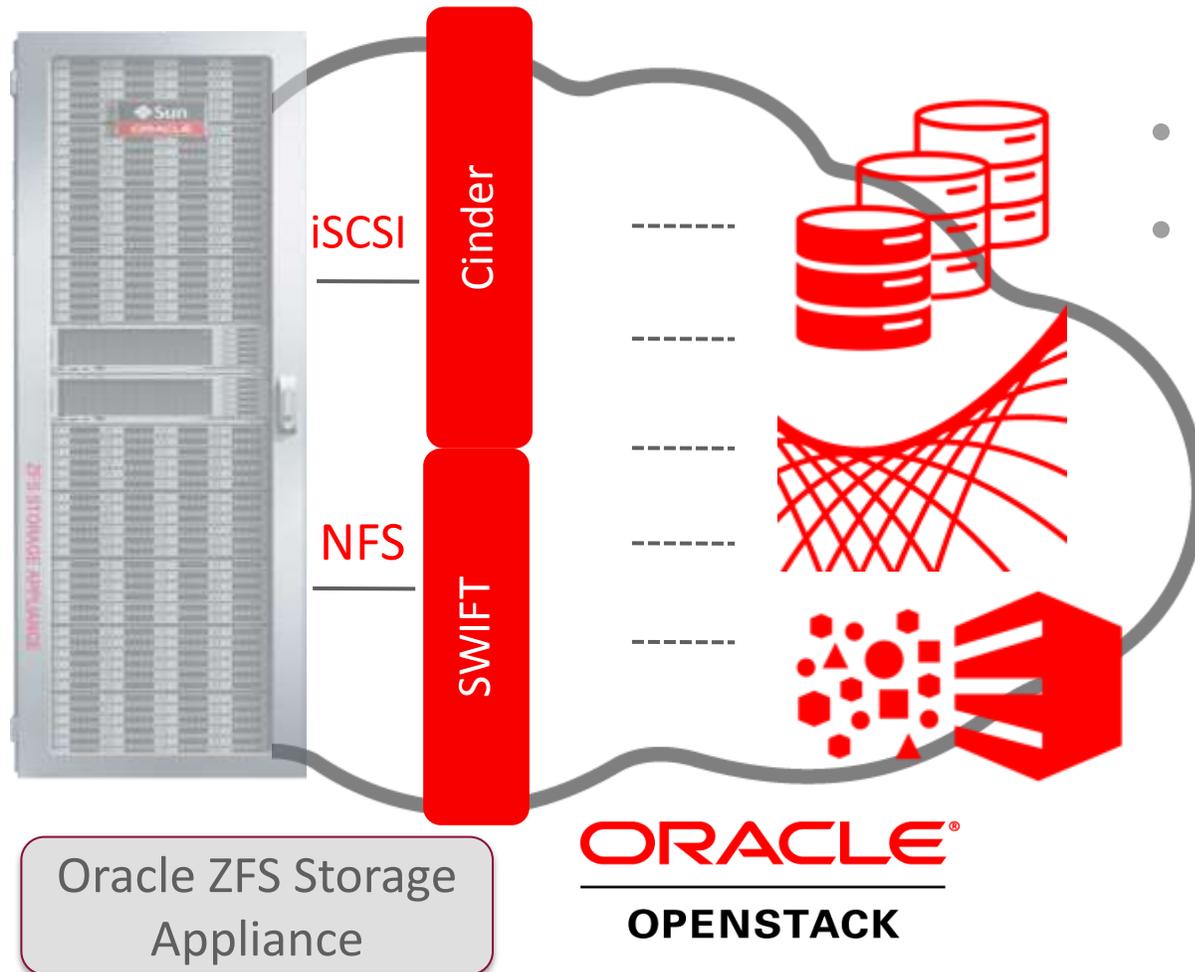
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OpenStack and Oracle



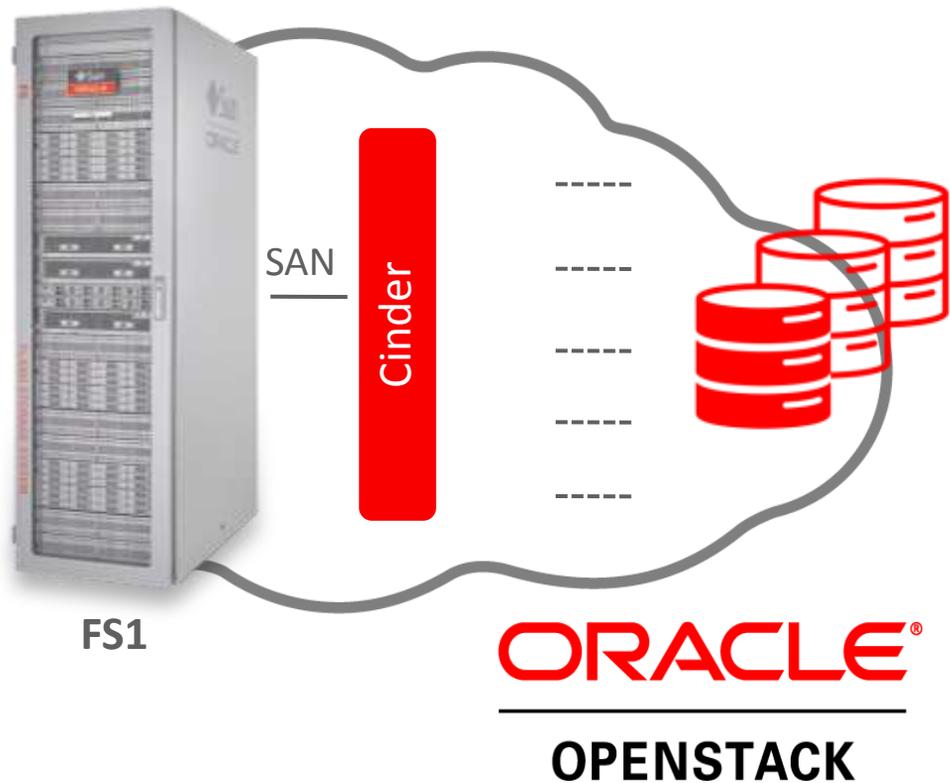
OpenStack and Oracle Storage

Oracle ZFS Storage Appliance Simplifies OpenStack Deployments



- OpenStack drivers
- Fully implemented RESTful APIs

Oracle FS1 Flash Storage System OpenStack Ready



- Massively Scalable Flash Array

- Extreme Performance

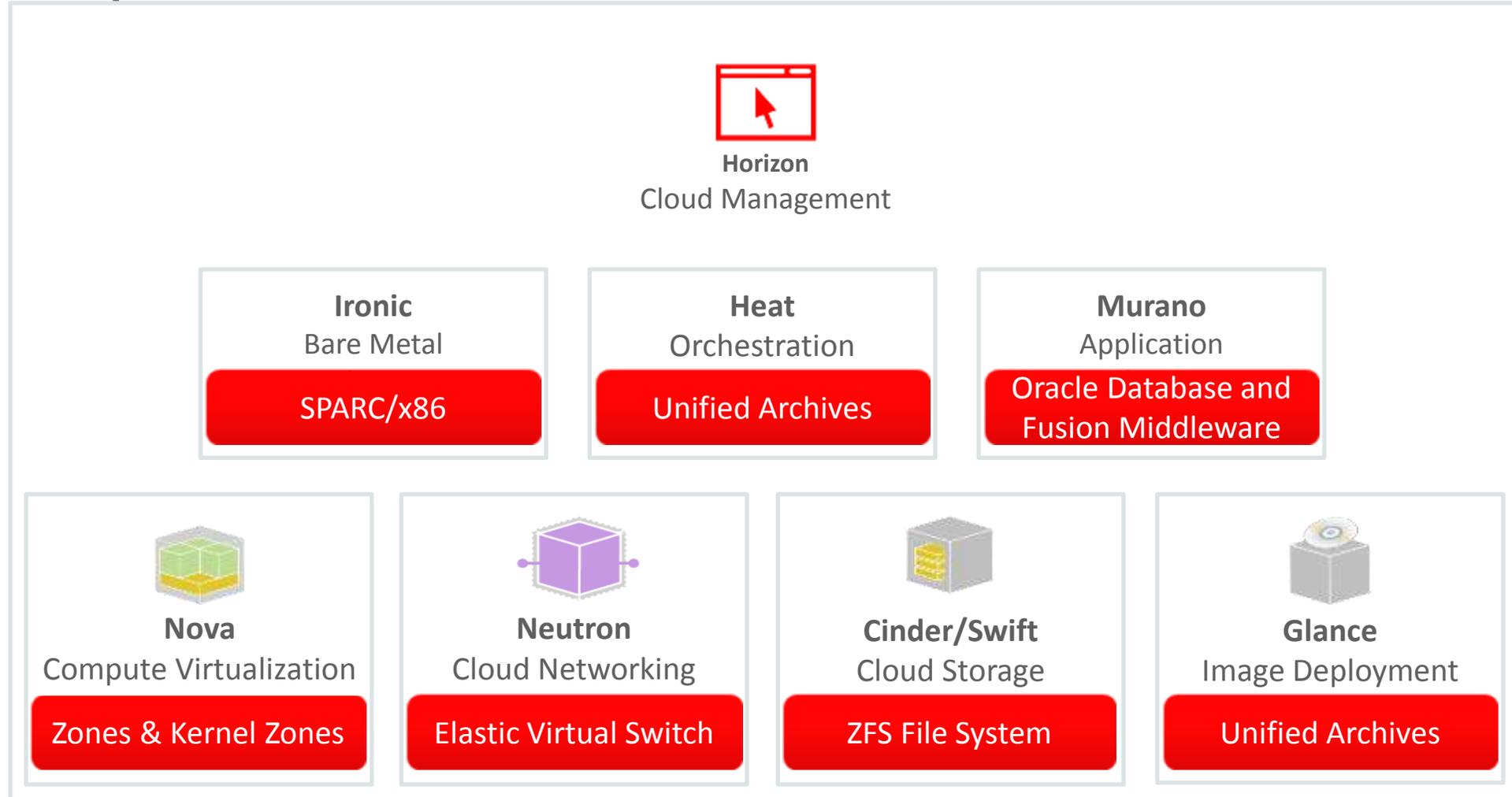
- Unparalleled Flexibility

- QoS Plus Autonomous Tiering

- Perfect for Virtualized IT/OpenStack

OpenStack and Oracle Solaris

Oracle OpenStack for Oracle Solaris



OpenStack Juno in Oracle Solaris 11.3

Ready for Enterprise: OS. Virtualization. SDN. OpenStack.

- Engineered for security and compliance
 - Minimal privileges for cloud services
 - Lock down infrastructure with immutability
- Assured reliability and scale
 - Automatic service restart and node dependencies
 - Guaranteed data integrity
- Seamless upgrade, instant roll-back

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OPENSTACK

Oracle Solaris 11 Packaging

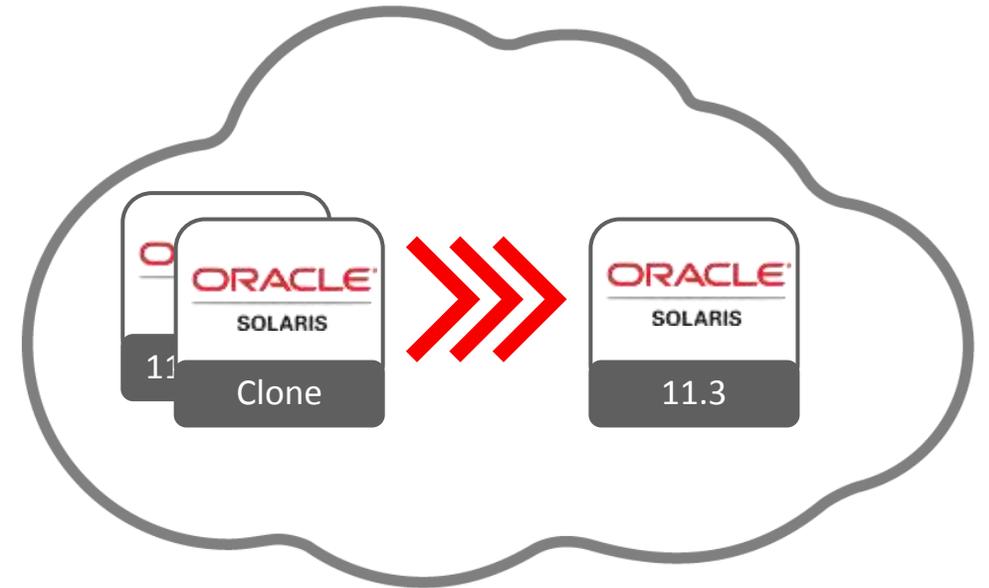
- Secure and seamless software delivery mechanism
- Impossible to install mismatched software, including firmware
- No modifications to running OS, complete safety with BEs
- Fully integrated with Zones



Image Packaging System

Easy and fast cloud update

- Seamless integration with IPS
 - Full dependency management
 - Fail proof updates with rollback
- Integrated with Oracle Solaris Zones and Unified Archives for seamless lifecycle management
- Foundation for cloud update strategy
 - Configuration and database schemas updated through SMF update services with full rollback



OpenStack and Oracle Solaris 11.3.3 - Package List

- + RabbitMQ as Messaging Broker

```
# pkg list -af | grep openstack
```

```
cloud/openstack                0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/cinder         0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.2.0.2.0    i--
cloud/openstack/glance        0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/heat          0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/horizon       0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/ironic        0.2014.2.1-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/keystone      0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/neutron       0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/nova          0.2014.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0    i--
cloud/openstack/swift         2.2.2-0.175.3.0.0.30.0        i--
```

```
...
```

Openstack and Oracle Solaris 11.3 - Versioning

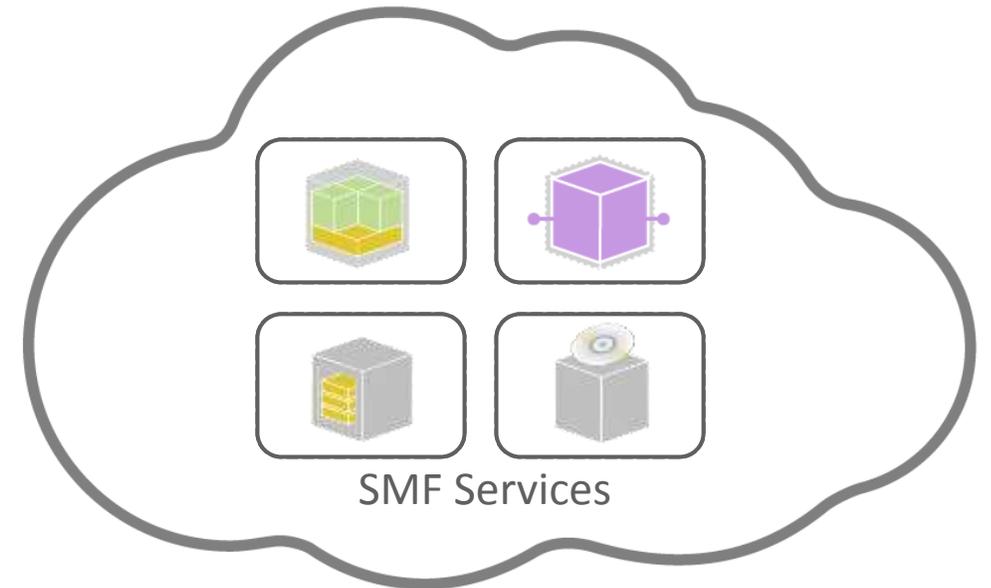
pkg info openstack

Name: cloud/openstack
Summary: OpenStack
Description: OpenStack is a cloud operating system that controls large pools of compute, storage, and networking resources throughout a data center, all managed through a dashboard that gives administrators control while empowering their users to provision resources through a web interface.
Category: Meta Packages/Group Packages (org.opensolaris.category.2008)
System/Administration and Configuration (org.opensolaris.category.2008)
System/Enterprise Management (org.opensolaris.category.2008)
System/Virtualization (org.opensolaris.category.2008)
Web Services/Application and Web Servers (org.opensolaris.category.2008)
State: Installed
Publisher: solaris
Version: **0.2014.2.2 (Juno 2014.2.2)**
Build Release: 5.11
Branch: 0.175.3.0.0.30.0
Packaging Date: August 21, 2015 04:14:44 PM
Size: 5.46 kB
FMRI: pkg://solaris/cloud/openstack@0.2014.2.2,5.11-0.175.3.0.0.30.0:20150821T161444Z

Service Management Facility

Secure and Highly available and reliable cloud services

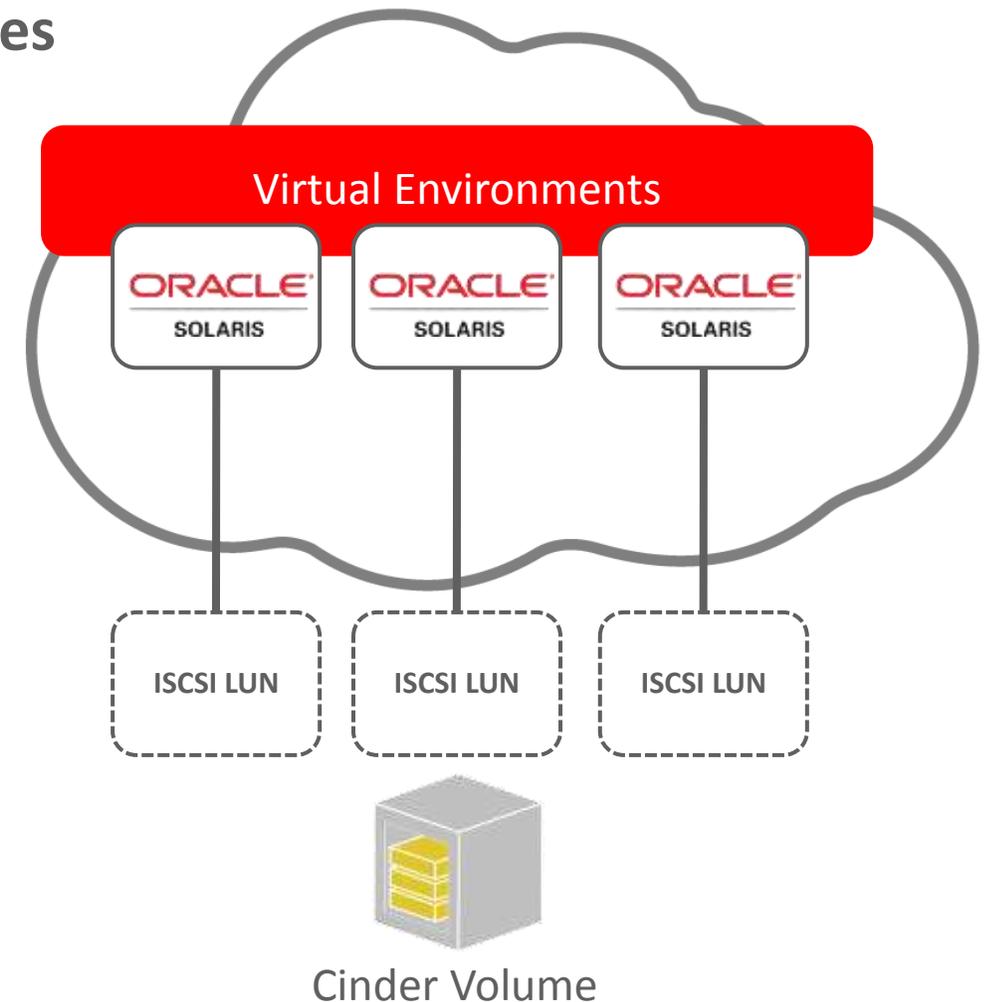
- OpenStack services run with minimum privileges necessary, and don't run as root
 - Create users for different OpenStack services
 - Leverage RBAC to enable privileged actions
- Automatic service restart from failure
 - Integrated with Oracle Solaris fault management
 - Full dependency checking for precise and efficient cloud start up



OpenStack Cinder/Swift Data Management – ZFS

Production ready data management, no compromises

- ZFS is foundation for Cinder and Swift
 - iSCSI or FC LUN provisioning
 - Leverage integrated data services including snapshots, compression and encryption
 - These data services are completely transparent to the guests
- Integrated OpenStack support for ZFSSA



OpenStack Cinder Data Management – ZFS

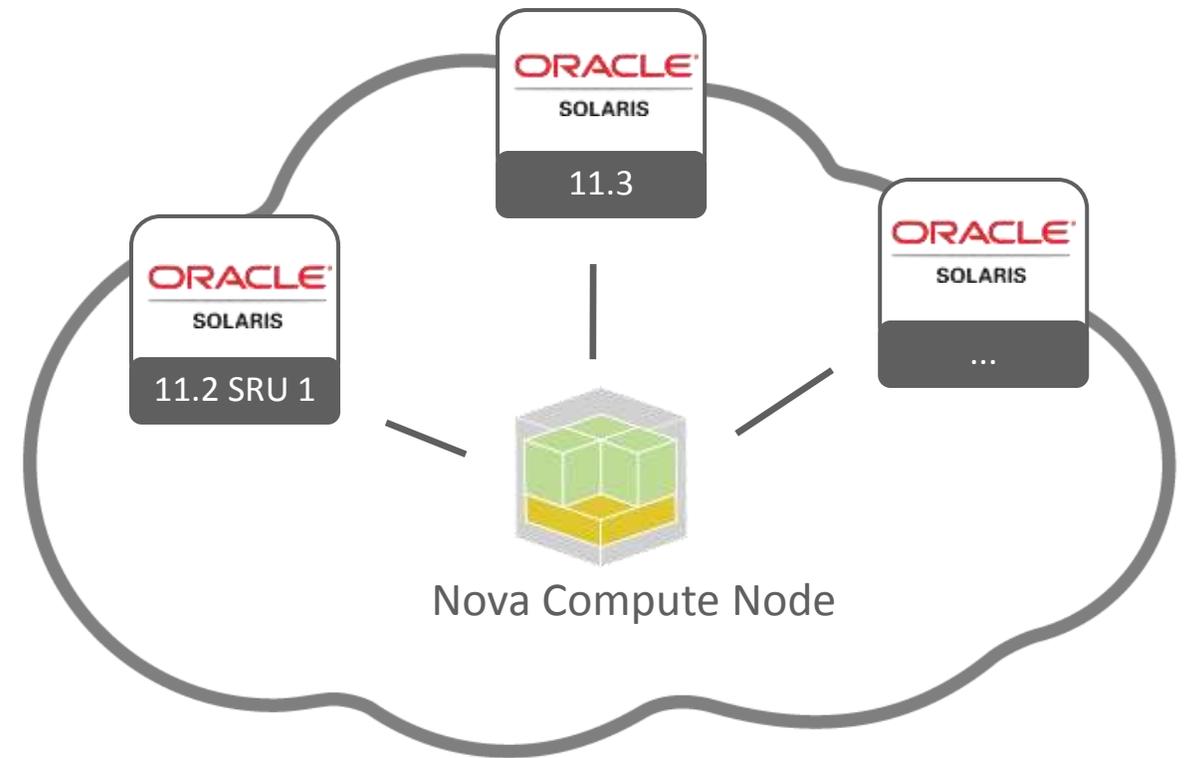
Volume Driver

- Choose volume driver in `/etc/cinder/cinder.conf`
 - ZFSVolumeDriver
 - Supports creation of local volumes for use by Nova on the same node as the Cinder volume service.
 - ZFSISCSIDriver
 - Supports creation and export of iSCSI targets for use by remote Nova compute nodes.
 - ZFSFCDriver
 - Supports creation and export of Fibre Channel LUNs for use by remote Nova compute nodes.
 - ZFSSAISCSIDriver
 - Supports creation and export of iSCSI targets from a remote Oracle ZFS Storage Appliance for use by remote Nova compute nodes.

OpenStack Nova Compute – Oracle Solaris Zones

High density virtual environments – ideal for multi-tenant cloud

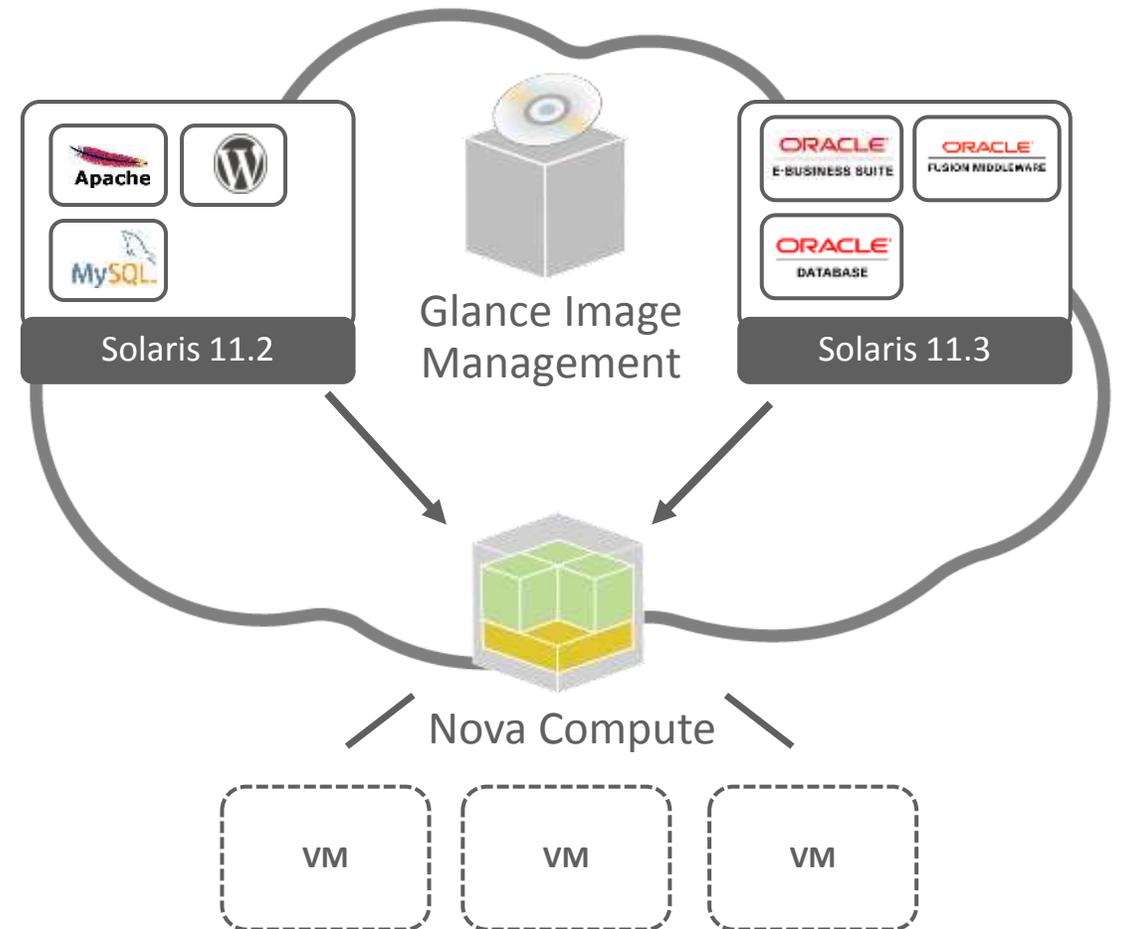
- Integrated with Oracle Solaris Zones
 - Zero overhead virtualization
 - Native non-global zone, Kernel zones
- Fully portable with Unified Archives
 - Physical-to-virtual and virtual-to-physical transforms
- VM lockdown with Immutable Zones



OpenStack Glance Image Management – Unified Archives

Rapid deployment through VM templates

- Golden image deployment
 - Single archive for virtual and bare metal
- Live VM snapshots in Glance with ZFS
- Capture live production systems
 - Clone archives for cloud-like images
 - Recovery archives for bare metal backup



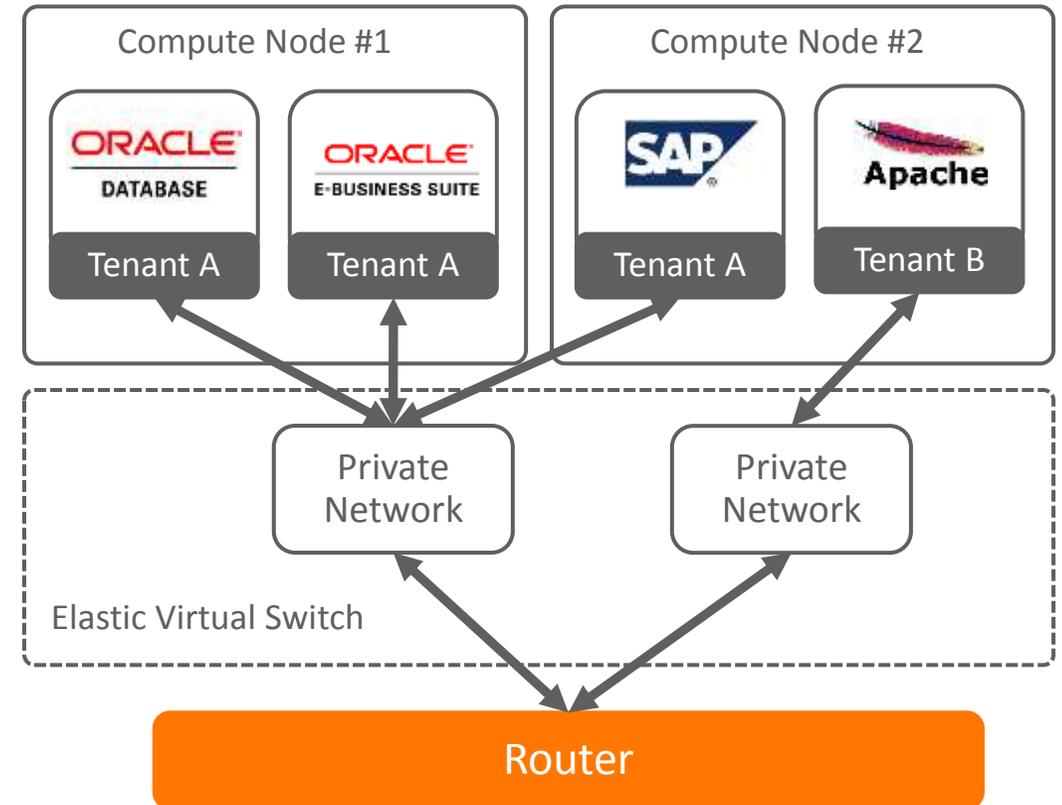
Creating and Importing an Unified Archive into Glance

```
global# zonecfg -z myzone create
global# zoneadm -z myzone install
global# ...
global# archiveadm create -z myzone /var/tmp/myzone.uar
global# glance image-create --container-format bare --disk-format raw \
--is-public true --name "Oracle Solaris 11.2 x86 NGZ" \
--property architecture=x86_64 \
--property hypervisor_type=solariszones \
--property vm_mode=solariszones < /var/tmp/myzone.uar
```

OpenStack Neutron Networking – EVS

SDN for servers and switches

- Elastic Virtual Switch spans compute nodes
 - Isolated VLAN or VXLAN networks, or plumbed into an existing fixed network
 - Integrated with Solaris virtual networking
- Ensure network critical SLAs
 - Flexible resource management
 - Application driven SDN



General Guidelines Concerning OpenStack on Solaris

OpenStack packaging on Solaris

- Each of the eight major components delivered by a single package
 - pkg:/cloud/openstack/<component>
 - The corresponding client APIs and CLI are in pkg:/library/python/<component>client
- The packages typically deliver their configuration files under /etc/<component>
- Horizon uses /etc/openstack_dashboard
- Runtime information is stored under /var/lib/<component>
- Group package, pkg:/cloud/openstack, installs all components.

General Guidelines Concerning OpenStack on Solaris

OpenStack services on Solaris

- Each component is represent by one or more smf(5) services
 - Some are meant to be run on only one node
 - Others can be replicated for reliability or to meet expected demand
 - Common case is deploying additional nodes running Nova compute or Cinder volume services
 - Horizon is enabled through the use of Apache and a configuration file
- Services names are of the form
 - `svc:/application/openstack/<component>/<component>-<service>`
- Corresponding smf(5) logs contain a wealth of debugging information
 - Components support both a debug and a verbose mode settable in the configuration

General Guidelines Concerning OpenStack on Solaris

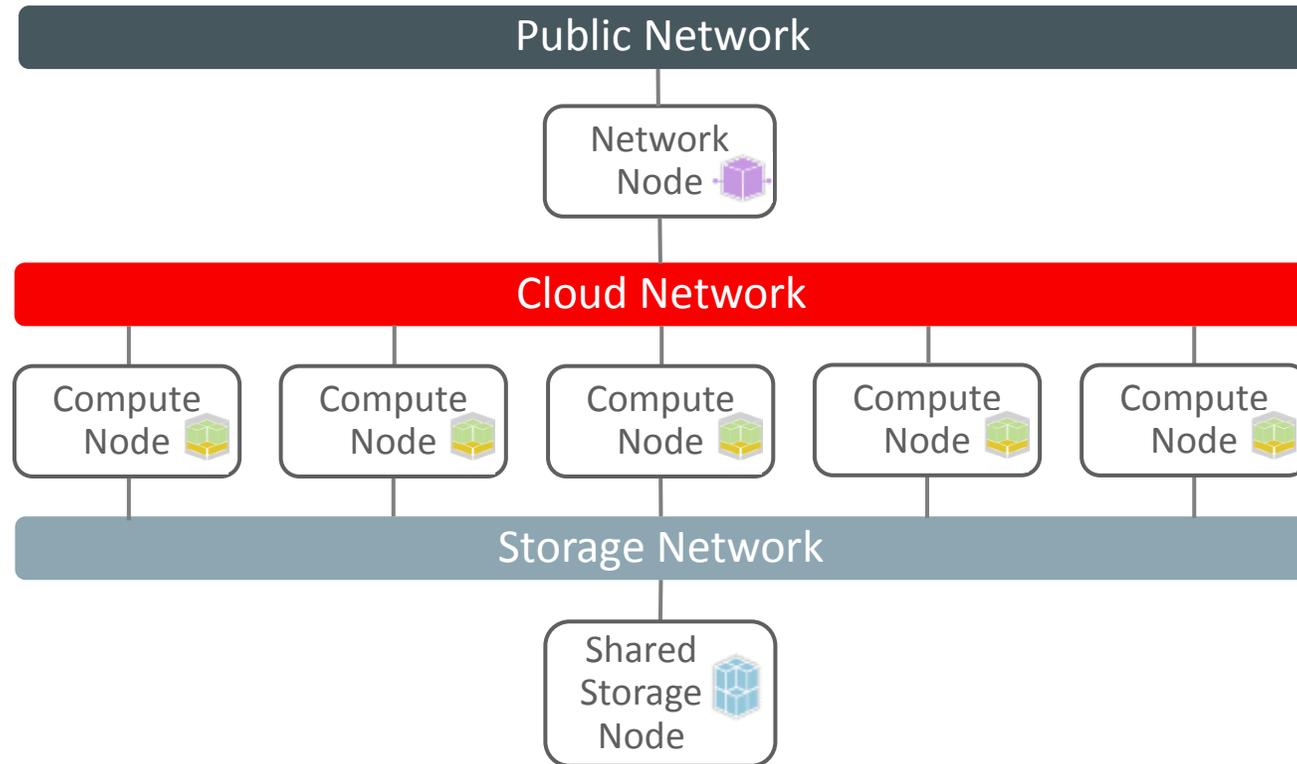
OpenStack and RBAC on Solaris

- Each package delivers a RBAC profile for administering the component
 - Provide authorizations for managing corresponding smf(5) services and properties
 - Allows the modification of corresponding configuration files via pfedit(1M)
 - Allows the reading of the service log files which are normally not world-readable
- Each package delivers a unique user and group for the component
 - The smf(5) services run a method context with this user and group
 - Services only include minimum necessary privileges in order to operate

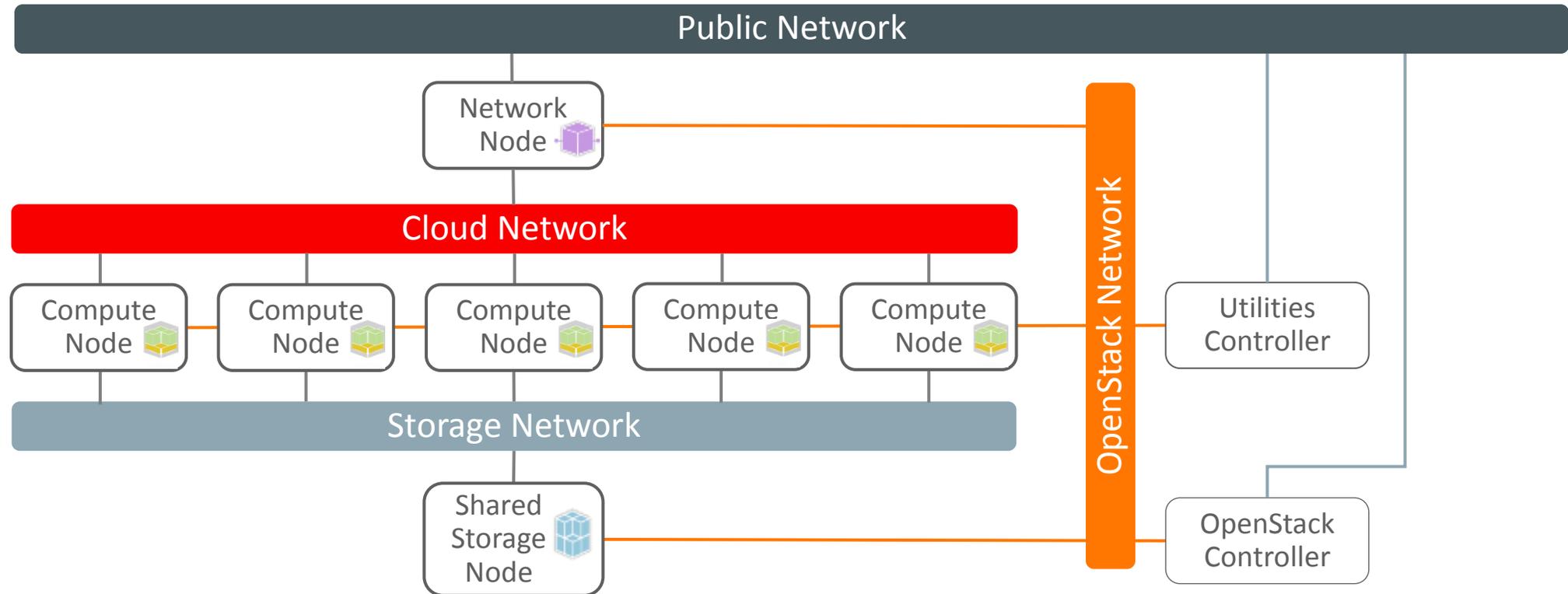
Oracle Solaris OpenStack Clouds

General Architecture and Use Cases

Cloud Base Architecture



Cloud with Shared Storage and Controller



Use Case 1: Converged Cloud Infrastructure (CCI)

- OpenStack Setup for comprehensive, isolated Clouds
 - Compute Nodes are "invisible" to the corporate network
 - The Cloud Instances are connected via a L3 Node to the Corporate network
- Shared Storage enables OpenStack Instance Migration and Node Evacuation
 - Shared Storage with ZFSSA (**CCIZ**)
 - Shared Storage with a Solaris Node as iSCSI target server (**CCIN**)
 - Shared Storage with a FC SAN Storage System (**CCIS**)
- Local storage for best Storage Performance
 - Local Storage through the Compute Nodes internal disks (**CCIL**)

Use Case 2: Flat Cloud Infrastructure (FCI)

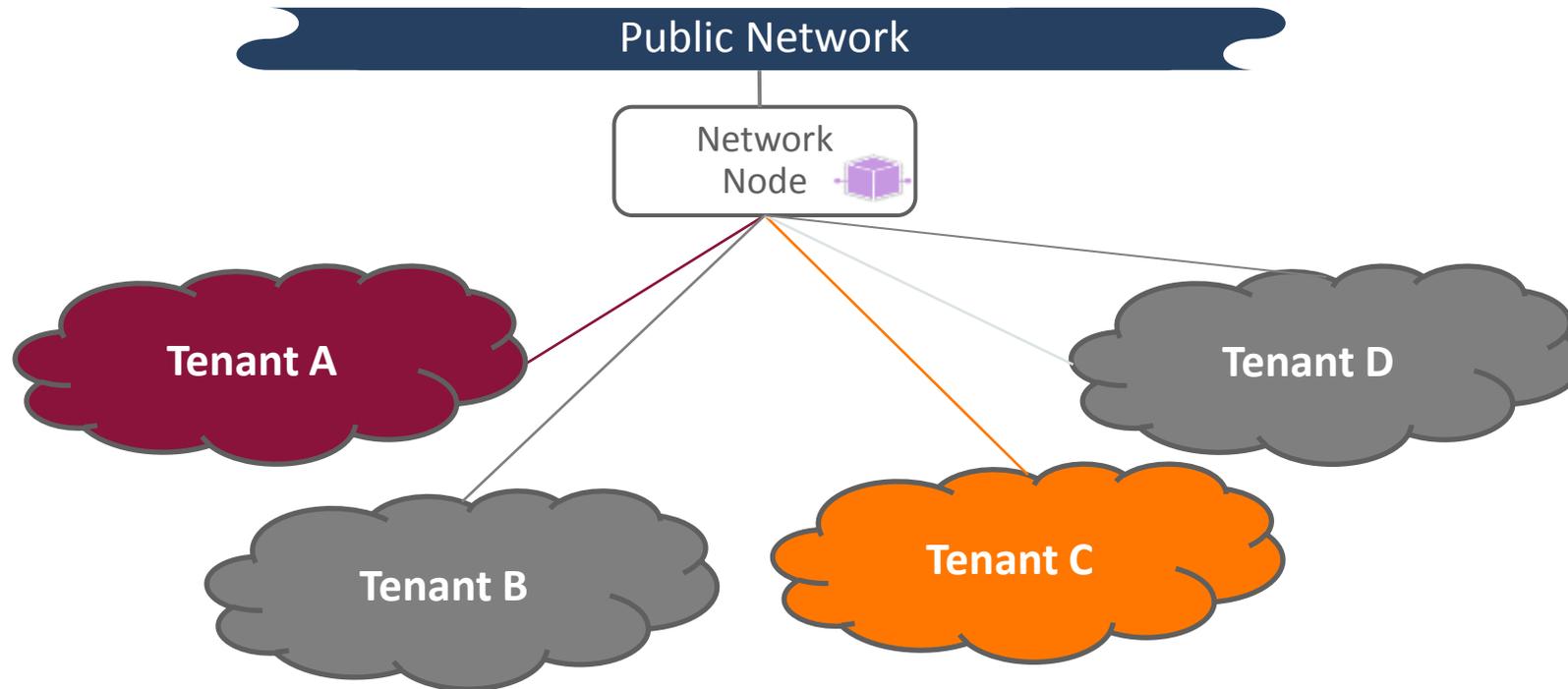
- OpenStack Setup for simple Clouds with best Network Performance
 - Compute Nodes are directly connected to the corporate network
 - The Cloud Instances are physical connected to the Corporate network and share VLAN/VXLAN networks
- Shared Storage enables OpenStack Instance Migration and Node Evacuation
 - Shared Storage with ZFSSA (**FCIZ**)
 - Shared Storage with a Solaris Node as iSCSI target server (**FCIN**)
 - Shared Storage with a FC SAN Storage System (**FCIS**)
- Local storage for best Storage Performance
 - Local Storage through the Compute Nodes internal disks (**FCIL**)

Cloud Networking

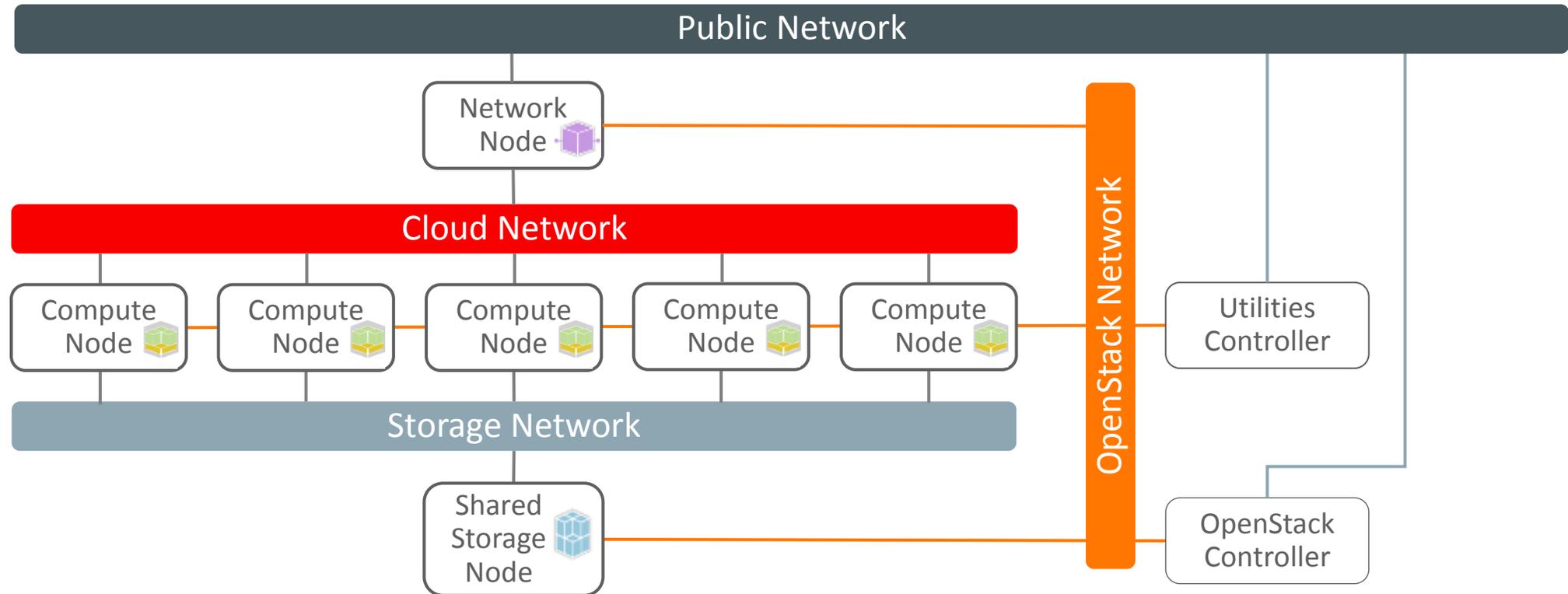
Oracle Solaris and SDN

Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack

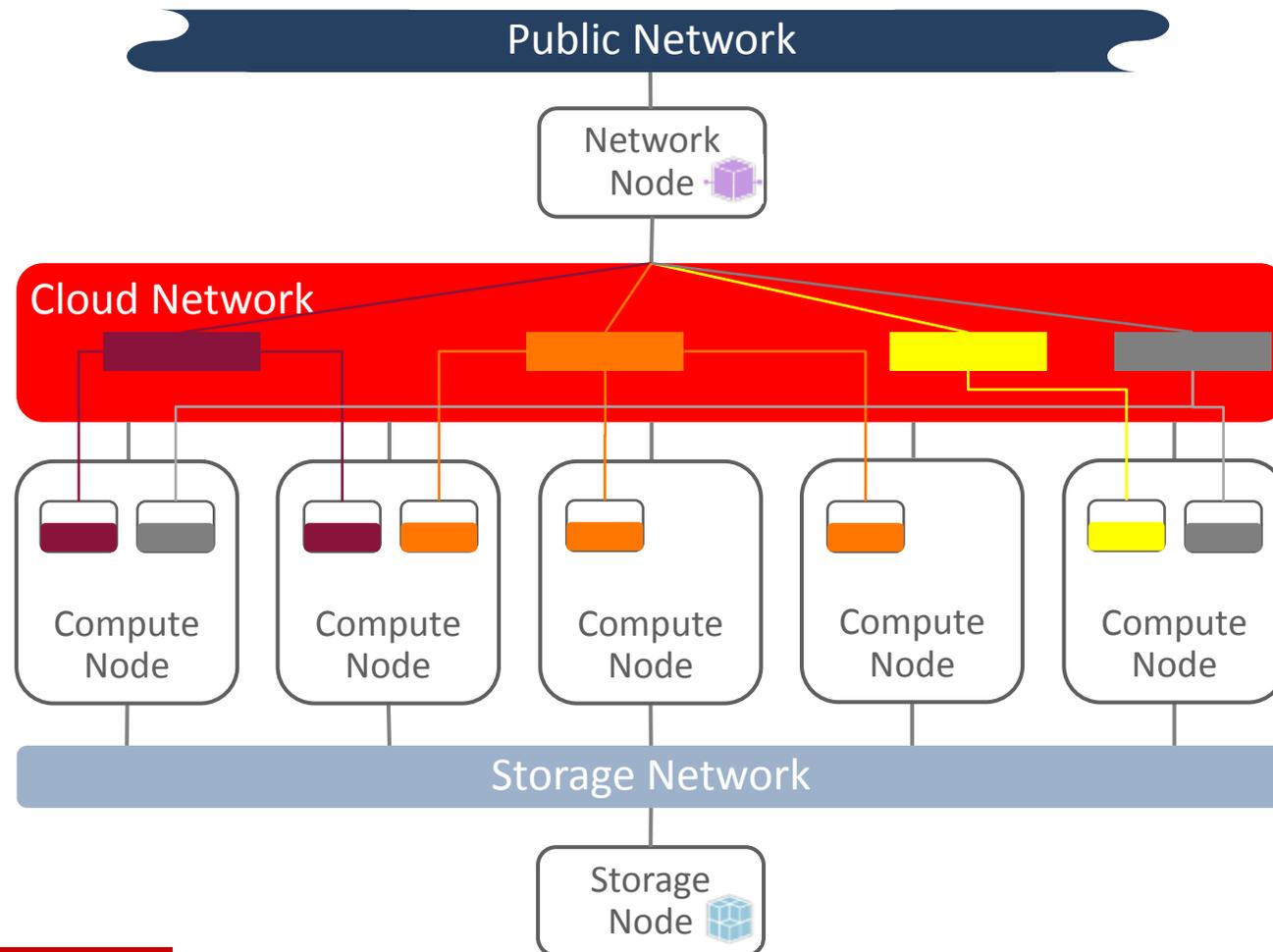
Tenants



Cloud with Shared Storage and Controller



Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack

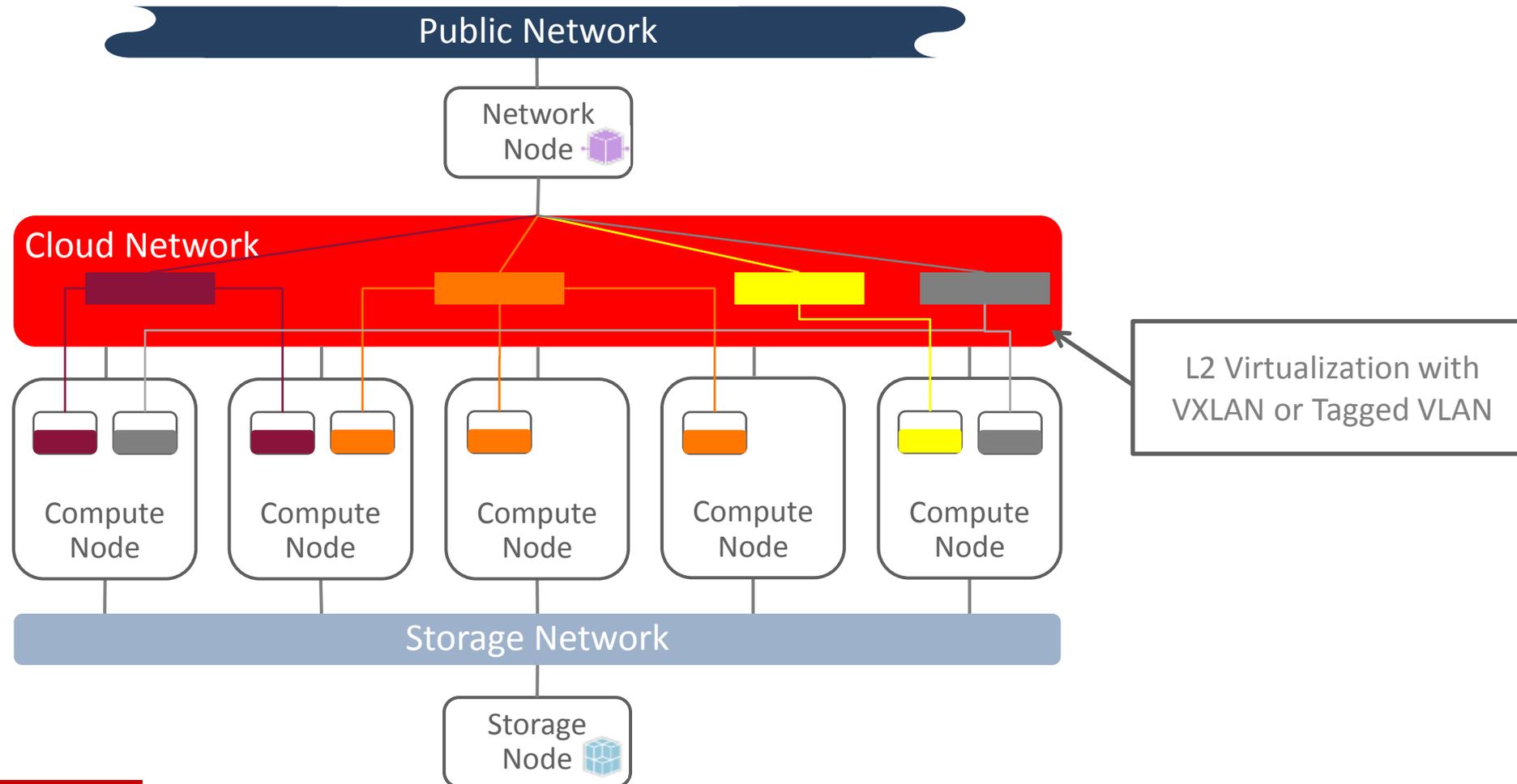


VLAN vs. VXLAN

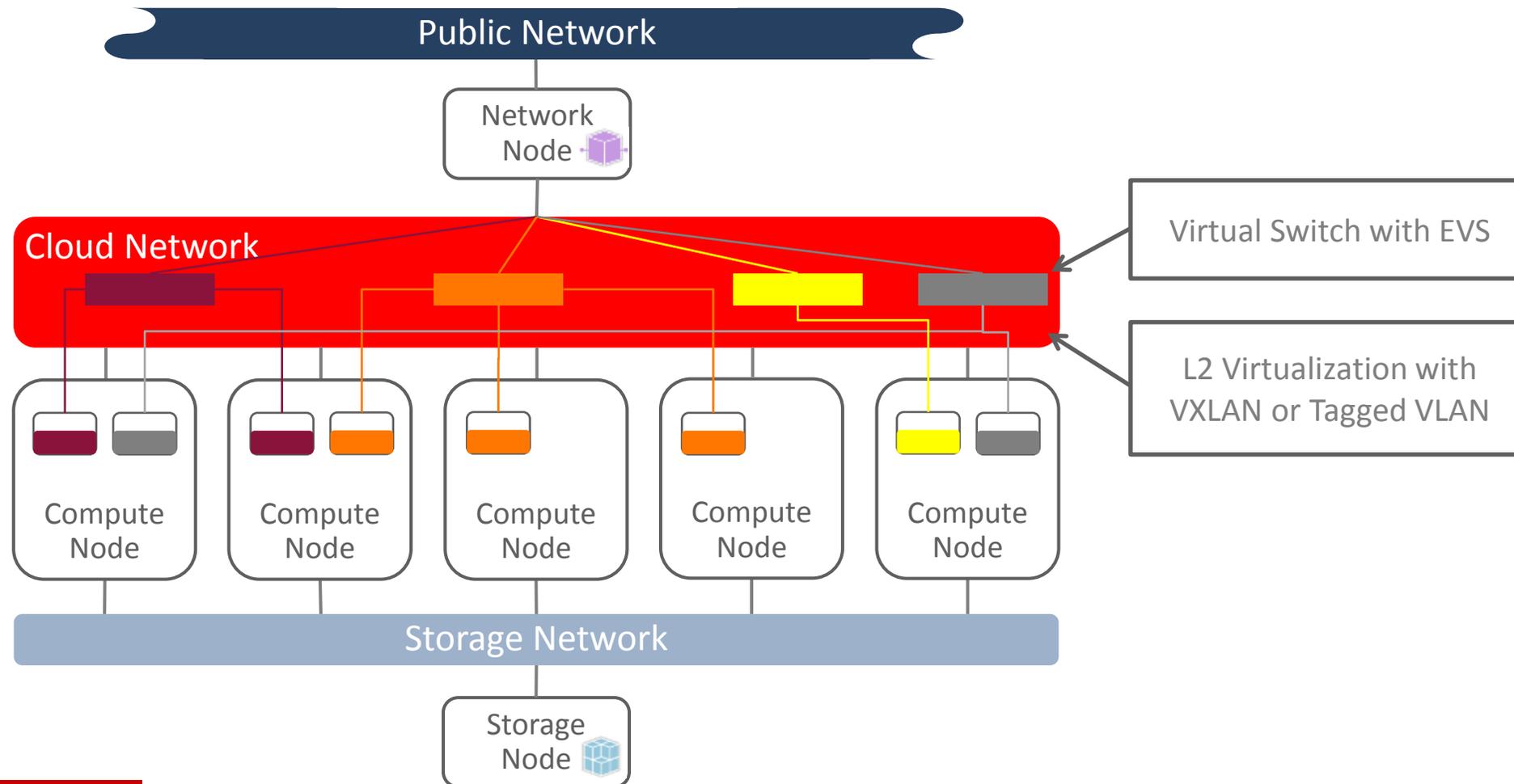
- It's all about creating logical Layer-2 Networks
- VXLAN (Virtual Extensible LAN)
 - Encapsulation-Protocol for Layer-2 Overlay-Networks above Layer-3
 - 16 Mio Network-IDs
 - No Switch Support required
 - Need Multicast Forwarding to span multiple Subnets
- VLAN (Virtual LAN)
 - Encapsulation-Protocol for Layer-2 Overlay-Networks above Layer-2
 - 4096 Network-IDs
 - Switch Support required



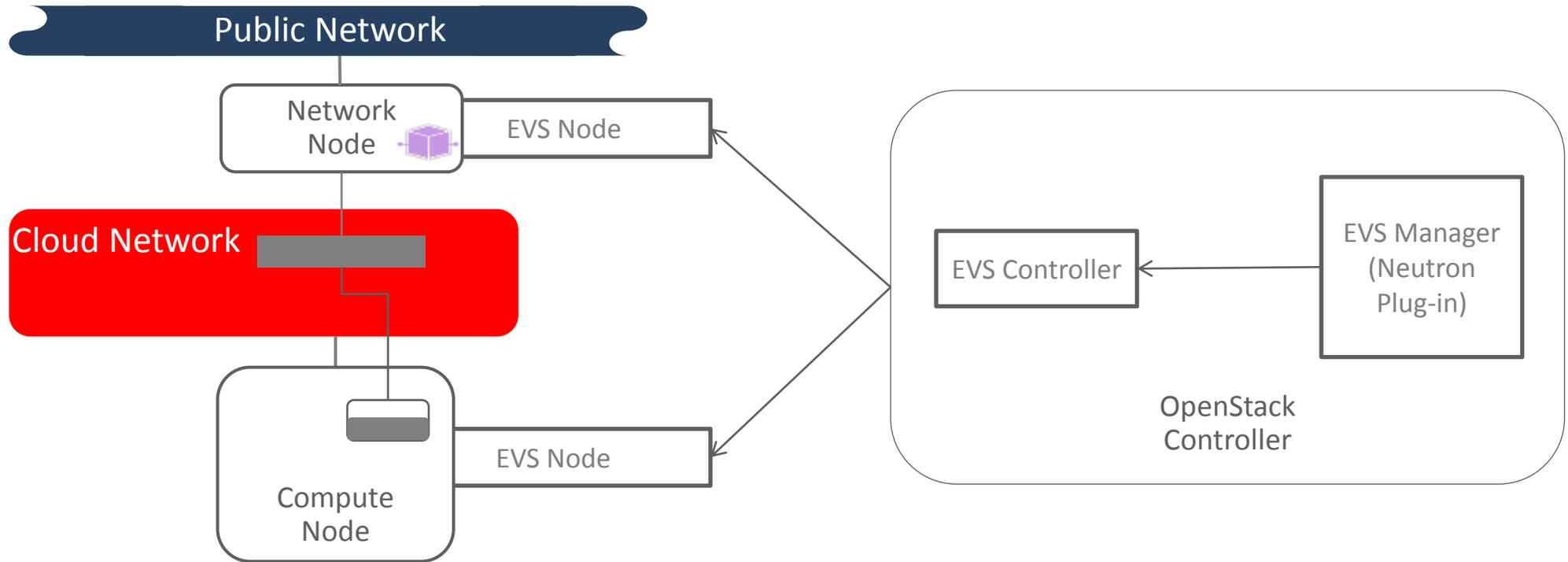
Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack



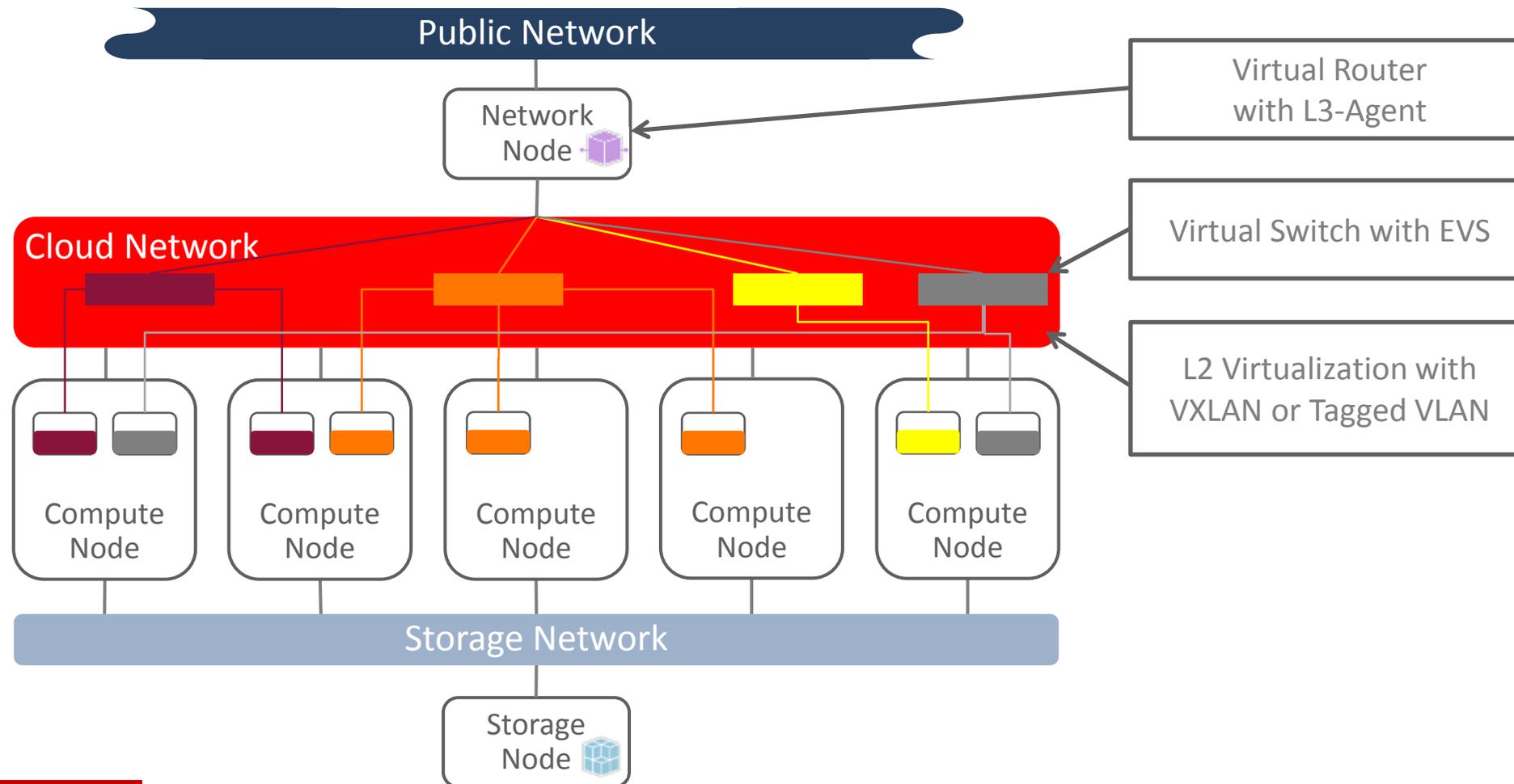
Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack



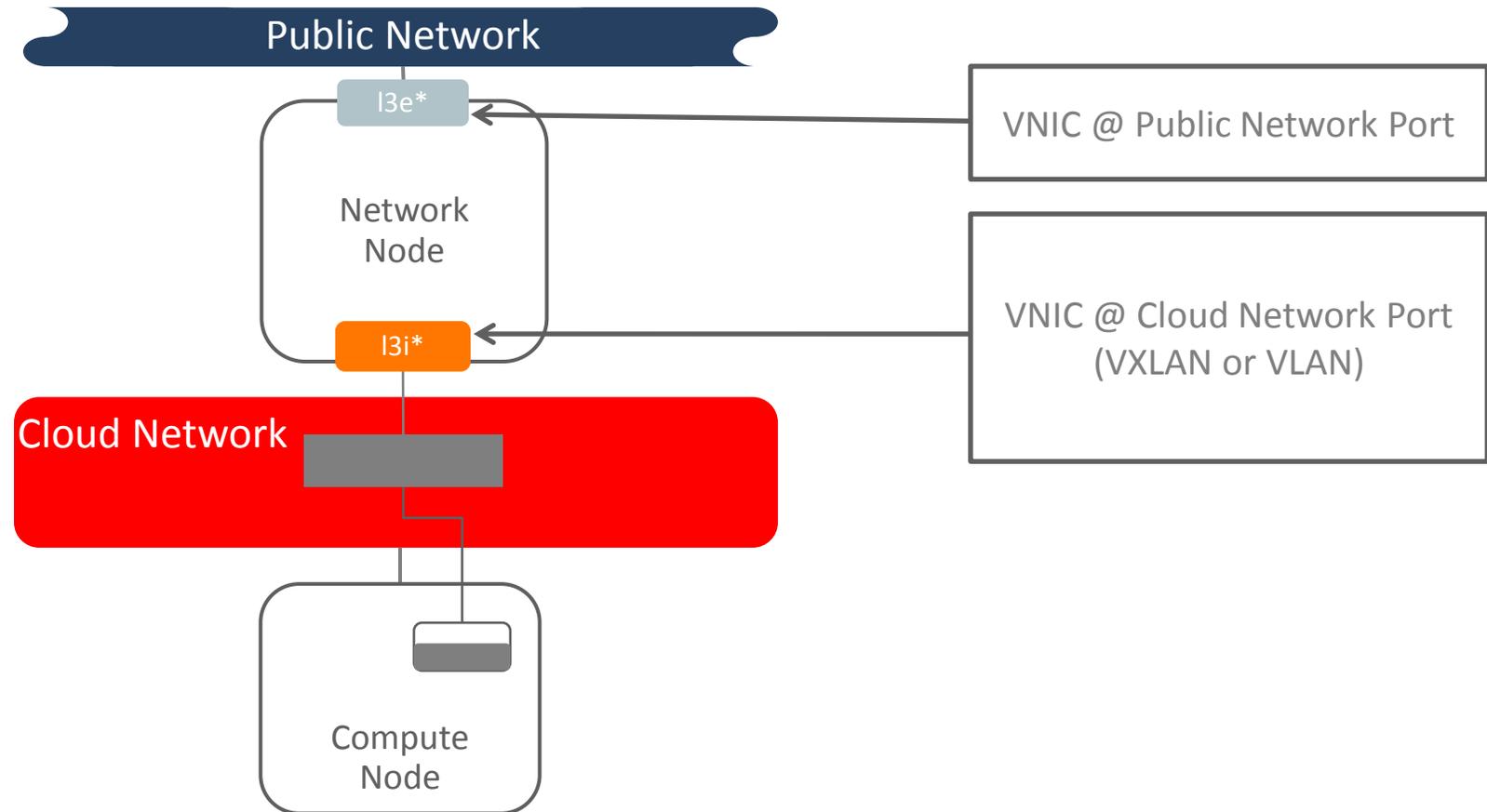
Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack



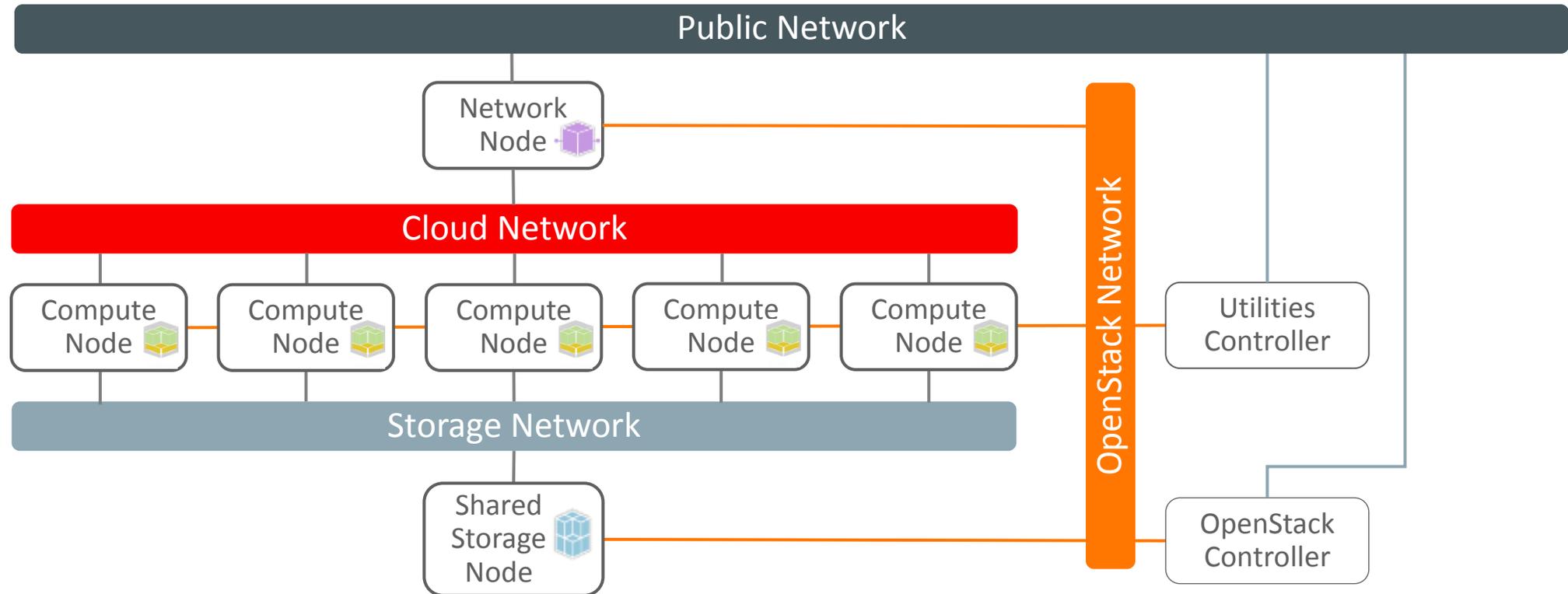
Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack



Converged Infrastructure (CI) with OpenStack



Cloud with Shared Storage and Controller



Neutron CLI - List Network and Subnet

```
# neutron net-list
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| id                | name          | subnets      |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1a4fbee4-bf32-4d5c-8983-f3f94ffa7f43 | net1          | 9611e2c2-33f3-4fb0-9bda-9efb4a2bbe4b 192.168.201.0/24 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
# neutron subnet-list
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id                | name          | cidr          | allocation_pools |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 9611e2c2-33f3-4fb0-9bda-9efb4a2bbe4b | subnet1      | 192.168.201.0/24 | {"start": "192.168.201.10", "end": "192.168.201.250"} |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

EVS CLI - List Network, Ports and Properties

evsadm

NAME	TENANT	STATUS	VNIC	IP	HOST
net1	9844b7295b0b41a1a7d3d65bb2f9f5f2	busy	--	subnet1	l3node
	aa936a6d7ce342d2b601b529483475b8	--	used	l3iaa936a6d_7_0	192.168.201.1/24 l3node
	b427086b976c4a12a92bdba3bb9258f0	--	used	dhb427086b_97_0	192.168.201.10/24 l3node

evsadm show-prop

PROPERTY	PERM	VALUE	DEFAULT
controller	rw	ssh://evsuser@evscontroller	--

evsadm show-controlprop

PROPERTY	PERM	VALUE	DEFAULT	FLAT	VLAN_RANGE	VXLAN_RANGE	HOST
l2-type	rw	vxlan	vlan	--	--	--	--
uplink-port	rw	net1	--	no	--	201-300	--
uplink-port	rw	net2	--	yes	--	--	--
uri-template	rw	ssh://	ssh://	--	--	--	--
uuid	r-	f1caafa6-7c6b-11e5-8960-89bfff1027aa	--	--	--	--	--
vlan-range	rw	--	--	--	--	--	--
vlan-range-avail	r-	--	--	--	--	--	--
vxlan-addr	rw	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	--	--	--	--
vxlan-ipvers	rw	v4	v4	--	--	--	--
vxlan-mgroup	rw	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	--	--	--	--
vxlan-range	rw	201-300	--	--	--	--	--
vxlan-range-avail	r-	202-300	--	--	--	--	--

Solaris Data Link Status - Links and VNICs

dladm show-link

LINK	CLASS	MTU	STATE	OVER
net1	phys	1500	up	--
net2	phys	1500	up	--
net0	phys	1500	up	--
l3edb9e210a_7_0	vnic	1500	up	net2
evs-vxlan200	vxlan	1440	up	--
l3iaa936a6d_7_0	vnic	1440	up	evs-vxlan201
dhb427086b_97_0	vnic	1440	up	evs-vxlan201

dladm show-phys

LINK	MEDIA	STATE	SPEED	DUPLEX	DEVICE
net1	Ethernet	up	1000	full	e1000g1
net2	Ethernet	up	1000	full	e1000g2
net0	Ethernet	up	1000	full	e1000g0

dladm show-vnic

LINK	OVER	SPEED	MACADDRESS	MACADDRTYPE	IDS
l3edb9e210a_7_0	net2	1000	fa:16:3e:c:39:20	fixed	VID:0
l3iaa936a6d_7_0	evs-vxlan201	1000	fa:16:3e:30:cc:2b	fixed	VID:0
dhb427086b_97_0	evs-vxlan201	1000	fa:16:3e:f2:a9:32	fixed	VID:0

dladm show-vxlan

LINK	ADDR	VNI	MGROUP
evs-vxlan201	192.168.106.30	201	224.0.0.1

Solaris IP Status - Links and VNICs

```
# ipadm
```

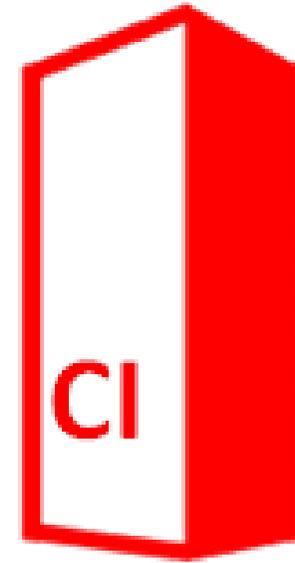
NAME	CLASS/TYPE	STATE	UNDER	ADDR
dhb427086b_97_0	ip	ok	--	--
dhb427086b_97_0/v4	static	ok	--	192.168.201.10/24
l3edb9e210a_7_0	ip	ok	--	--
l3edb9e210a_7_0/v4	static	ok	--	192.168.175.240/24
l3iaa936a6d_7_0	ip	ok	--	--
l3iaa936a6d_7_0/v4	static	ok	--	192.168.201.1/24
lo0	loopback	ok	--	--
lo0/v4	static	ok	--	127.0.0.1/8
lo0/v6	static	ok	--	:::1/128
net0	ip	ok	--	--
net0/onv4	static	ok	--	192.168.101.30/24
net1	ip	ok	--	--
net1/cnv4	static	ok	--	192.168.106.30/24
net2	ip	down	--	--

Building the Cloud

Converged Infrastructure

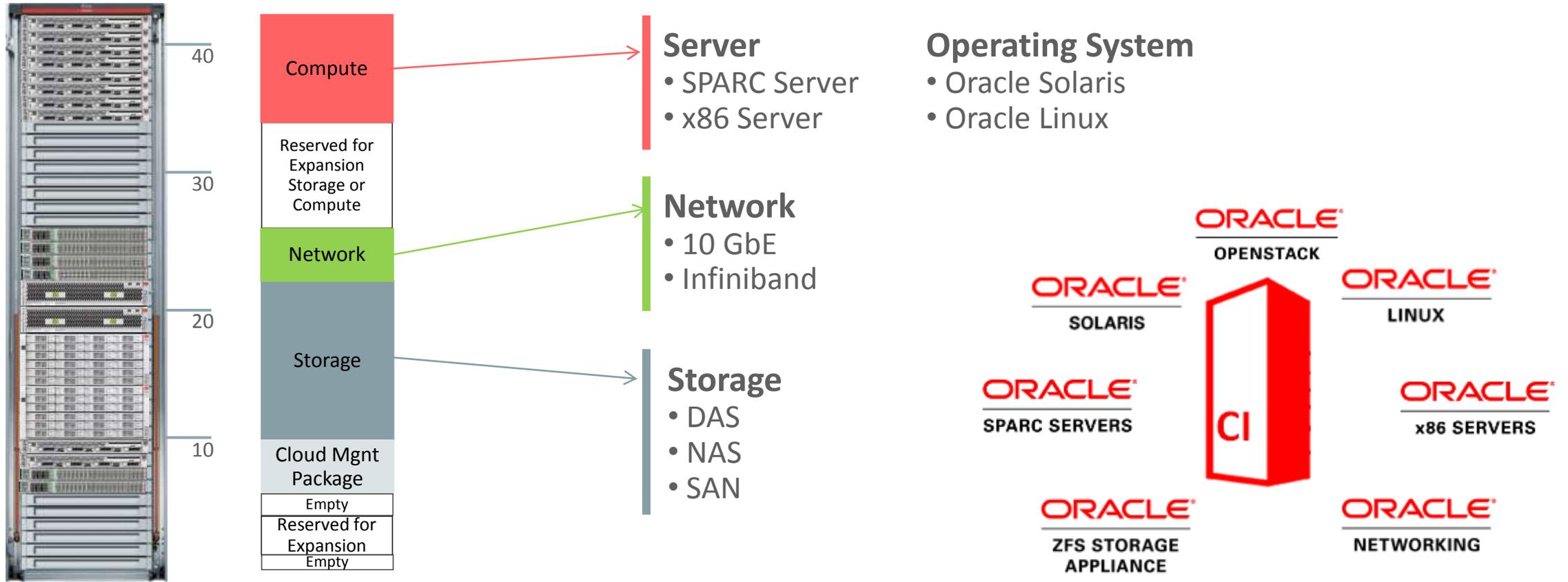
Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Converged_infrastructure

- Grouping multiple information technology components
- One single, optimized computing package
- Components may include
 - Networking Equipment
 - Data-Storage Devices
 - Servers
 - Software for IT infrastructure Management
 - Software for Automation
 - Software for Orchestration



Converged Cloud Infrastructure with Oracle

Design Choices



Converged Cloud Infrastructure with local FS1 Storage

- Power Compute Node (x5-4)
- Dual Node Storage Controller
- Dual Node OpenStack Cloud Controller

2x 10 GBase-T Switch - ES1-24 (1RU)
2x Brocade 6505 FC-Switch (2 RU)

Free (5 RU)

2x Management Node X5-2L (4 RU)

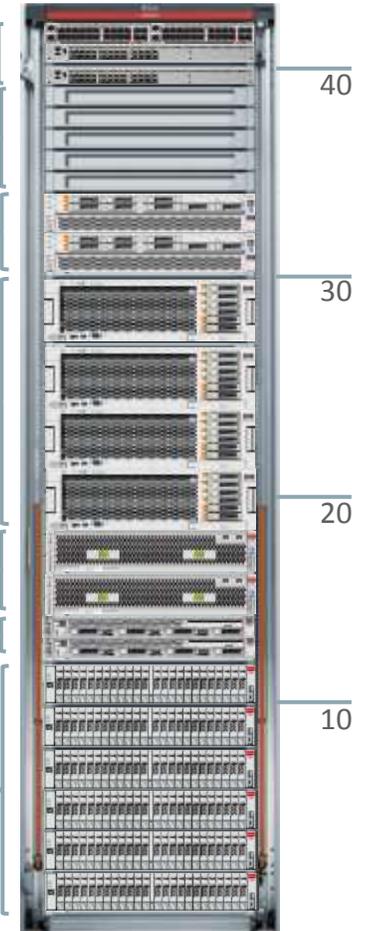
4x Compute Node X5-4 (12 RU)

FS1-2 Dual Power Controller (4RU)

FS1-2 Dual Pilot (2RU)

6x HDD Storage Tray DE2-24P(12 RU)

1x Sun Rack II - 2x PDU 15 kVA



Getting Started

OpenStack on Oracle Solaris resources

- OpenStack on Oracle Solaris Discussion
mailto:solaris_openstack_interest@openstack.java.net
- Oracle Solaris on Oracle Technology Network
<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/server-storage/solaris11/technologies/openstack-2135773.html>
- Source Code
<https://java.net/projects/solaris-userland/sources/gate/show/components/openstack>

Oracle Solaris OpenStack Live Demonstration



Q & A

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